Washington Island board considers air

By SUZANNE DEE

Fifteen citizens came out to a public hearing May 13 on a request to realign one of the Washington Island Airport's two grass runways in the interest of safety.

The hearing preceded the town's application to the State Department of Transportation (DOT) for financial assistance realignment work. The application, which is preliminary and in no way obligates the town to proceed, arose from a request last summer by the Island's EAA Chapter 982.

Members of the EAA group came up with the idea of realigning the runway with their own funds and volunteer labor. Town supervisors approved the idea, with the stipulation that it would not take any town tax dollars to complete.

After investigating many options, EAA members started pursuing the possibility of using state airport improvement funds to pay for 80% of the project. The remaining 20% would be paid from EAA Chapter funds.

Since a private group could not apply to DOT money, the town had to become the official petitioner to the state. This was done with full knowledge and approval of DOT Bureau of Aeronautics personnel, some of whom are personally familiar with the runway's shortcomings, having flown in to the Island in light planes.

From this sprang the need for a public hearing, the transcript of which becomes part of the town's application to the DOT. Citizens took advantage of the hearing to find out details of the proposal.

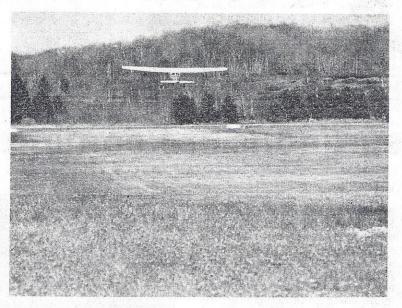
Some questions from the audience and answers from Town Chairman Doug Young follow:

Q: What does the project more to the south, occasionally more to the west.

The pilot favored the longer runway, 14-32, for its flatter surface and clearer approaches, but the wind was all wrong for using it. Reluctantly, the pilot chose to land into the wind on the shorter, E-008-1

hilly, Runway 4-22.

Circling out to the northeast to W 1140 line up for an approach, every-thing seemed fine. Then, about half a mile from the beginning of helped/lepling the runway, tension in the cockpit began to rise measurably. Wind blowing over the hill east of the runway created turbulence, tossing the light plane up and then W JOINPOW sucking it down toward the treetops.



Student pilot Janet Engstrom, at the controls of Island One, takes off toward the hill on Runway 4-22 at the Washington Island Airport. The Island town board recently voted to realign the crosswind runway to improve safety.

-Suzanne Dee photo

standing under which this whole process was started was that the taxpayers would not be paying any money into this project. That still stands.'

Q: Is this really necessary?

A: "That was our opinion last summer and it is still the same."

The only person to stand and present public testimony was Barry McNulty, who lives on Old Washington Harbor McNulty began by questioning safety and required clearances for the GTE microwave tower.

"This is a testimony hearing," replied Young. "We will not enter into discussion."

[An engineering study made for the Federal Aviation Administration in 1989 and documented in town files states the 114-foot tower,

and the people felt, though they couldn't be here tonight, that they only heard about it from the town board meeting (four days earlier). They thought that was sort of inappropriate on the town board's part," Thiele said.

At a special town board meeting held Monday, May 16, supervisors completed the process begun at the hearing. Town Chairman Young again reviewed the events which led up to this juncture.

The EAA chapter had asked for. and received from the supervisors, permission to realign the runway

at its own expense Since that time the gated many optic busing Air Nationa neers to perform the "And they have town," said Youn that we petition funding and so that' today. It would me: ment of Transporta putting up 80% of t the local EAA ch advance, be depos cover the balance o a possible means t might be available.

until we file (the per Supervisor Kirby: a 1989 DOT-funder study which include realigning Runway ing it in turf. He fellow supervisors t ago the town purcha Cauldwell property tion for the realignn

"That fulfilled c kind," he said. "W done (the realignn time with just our si

Thiele expressed to the project.

"Of all the airport that have runways t or less, they only to those 36 are single-r are multiple.

"That means two airports in Wisconsi single runway that size with ours. So th Do we need to have have, or is what v quate? If our runway come we haven't accidents?'

W-F 9 DICKINZON Expanding

- EXCELLENT

Bll FIL

considers airport runway realignment



ls of *Island One*, the Washington voted to realign

zanne Dee photo

ole felt, though they ere tonight, that they pout it from the town g (four days earlier). It that was sort of on the town board's said.

I town board meeting , May 16, supervisors e process begun at the vn Chairman Young ed the events which juncture.

hapter had asked for, from the supervisors, o realign the runway at its own expense last summer. Since that time the EAA investigated many options, including busing Air National Guard engineers to perform the excavation.

"And they have come to the town," said Young, "requesting that we petition the state for funding and so that's where we are today. It would mean the Department of Transportation would be putting up 80% of the money and the local EAA chapter will, in advance, be depositing funds to cover the balance of the 20%. It's a possible means that the funds might be available. We won't know until we file (the petition)."

Supervisor Kirby Foss pointed to a 1989 DOT-funded engineering study which included plans for realigning Runway 4-22 and keeping it in turf. He reminded his fellow supervisors that five years ago the town purchased land — the Cauldwell property — in preparation for the realignment.

"That fulfilled our (20%) inkind," he said. "We could have done (the realignment) at that time with just our signature."

Thiele expressed his objections to the project.

"Of all the airports in Wisconsin that have runways the size of ours or less, they only total 53 and of those 36 are single-runway and 17 are multiple

are multiple.

"That means two-thirds of the airports in Wisconsin only have a single runway that are equal in size with ours. So the question is: Do we need to have more than we have, or is what we have adequate? If our runway is unafe, how come we haven't had more accidents?"

Young responded, "The majority of the pilots I have talked to definitely feel it is (needed). These are professional pilots. They normally use the other runway (14-32) and avoid this one (4-22)."

Thiele countered, "Others I've talked to felt what we have is adequate. They've been landing here for many years, never had a problem."

Young and Foss immediately disagreed.

"I could get a pilot in here tomorrow," countered Young, "and he'd tell you he's had son pretty scary landings on the runway."

"I've heard for many years added Foss, "the crosswind ri way is an accident waiting

happen."
Finally, Supervisor Don Mar made a motion to "petition t (state) Secretary of Transpor tion to survey to see if we can a monies for realignment of runw 4-22, with EAA chapter to pick the balance." Young and Fo voted in favor and Thiele agains

Facts about the airport

Facts and figures about the Washington Island Airport and a proposed realignment project on one of its runways;

• The airport is 66 years old, having been started by a group of citizens in 1928 and later turned over to the town. It is part of the federal airports system.

• Runway 14-32, which faces southeast and northwest, is 2,240 feet long and slopes downhill 12 feet to the southeast. In 1984, modern lighting was installed on the runway using state and federal aid.

• Runway 4-22, which points northeast and southwest, is 1,684 feet long and slopes 22 feet downhill to the northeast. The proposed realignment would lengthen 4-22 to about 2,200 feet and angle it away from a large hill toward more hospitable terrain.

• When these runways were laid out, airplanes of the day performed differently. Designed to take off from short, unpaved strips, these planes had high-lift wings and their top speeds were around 90 mph.

Today's small airplanes, however, are built for more speed. To get that efficiency in cruise, they sacrifice takeoff and landing performance and thus need more runway to operate safely.

• A typical fully loaded, four-seat light plane could require as much as 2,000 feet to become safely airborne on a 75 degree summer day at the Island airport. Actual performance varies according to aircraft model and the pilot's experience level and familiarity with both the plane and airport.



DR. TIMOTHY KENNEDY



DR. MICHAEL MC FADDEN

MONDAY, OCT. 4

Public Meetings

.eman sid ni bedzildstze A memorial fund has been Joseph's Catholic Cemetery. Sept. 24, at Corpus Christi Catholic Church with Rev. Anthony Birdsall officiating. Interment will be at St. Service was at 10 a.m. Friday. service at 8 p.m. The funeral Davis Mortuary, with a wake Sept. 23, from 4 to 8 p.m. at the was Thursday, ers: Robert and James Bryant. Christina Marie and two brothhis parents, one granddaugter, He was preceded in death by

Prairie, Minn.; and nine grand-Tynn (Tim) Hendrickson, Eden DeVito, Sturgeon Bay, Nancy (Jennifer) Wilbanks, Sedalia, Mo., Janet Marie (Richard) Stephen N.C., ill., Robert (Sharon) Wilbanks, Charlotte, (Henry) Higyaty, Willowbrook, dren: Margaret Ann "Peggy" Margaret, Sturgeon Bay; chil-He is survived by his wife,

loved golf, especially making "A Hole In One." Southern Door Fire Dept. He Board of Directors for the Church and served on the ber of Corpus Christi Catholic Memphis, Ark. He was a mem-Margaret Slaughter in West On Nov. 14, 1953, he married

and for five years in the Navy Shipbuilding Co. for 10 years was employed at Bay

feet long.

The project would change the orientation of the runway about 10 degrees toward a more north-south route, thereby changing the direction that the planes approach and depart the airport. The plans also include removing obstacles such as trees and and hilly areas on the new course, adding lights and lengthening the runway to 2,200 feet.

The improvements will upgrade the runway to the same dimensions as its longer partner. The other runway crosses in an "X" pattern, running from northwest to southeast.

The total estimated cost for the project is about \$650,000, with the state paying 80 percent and the town 20 percent. The town has enough guaranteed money to cover a project costing \$750,000 without raising taxes.

Opponents to the plan have expressed concerns that the renova-

20state the s difficult keoffs. 1,840 ical purposes is about 900 feet is awout trees and an also ate a 20-foot drop on approach at the south lect has been in the works Nect has been in the works inionstruction was introduction was introduction was introduction was introduction was introduction as the state could conduct our insportation could conduct our insportation could conduct our insportation could conduct our Department surstate Department surransportation could conduct after
ransportation nronerties after
vevs of artiscent nronerties ransportation could conduct sur-ransportation could contines, after properties, after properties, after properties, after properties, after properties of adjacent properties with property properties of adjacent properties of adj veys or adjacent properties, after with property initial negotiations each need in more to accomire each new properties. unual negotiations with property
owners to acquire to fiv over owner
owners allow of anec to fiv over owner
entro allow of anec to five over owners
entro allow of anec to five over owners
owners allow of anec to five over owners
owners allow of anec to five over owners
owners to acquire to five owners
owners to acquire to acquire to five owners
owners to acquire to acquire to five owners
owners to acquire to acquire to acquire to five owners
owners to acquire to acquire to five owners
owners to acquire to acquire to acquire to five owners
owners to acquire to acquire to acquire to five owners
owners to acquire to ac owners to acquire easements need owners to acquire easements recould ed to allow planes to fly over could ed to allow planes to fly over could ed to allow planes to fly over could enter the could be allowed to allow planes to fly over could enter the could be allowed to allow planes. or seal a usal. So far, Hansen owner to grant the So far, Hansen is the only in the boring property owner to grant The boring property owner easement. boring property owner to grant the boring property owner to grant The assembly to property an air-route have to property airport an air-route have easements town would from other easement town with the project despite the reference owners—plus septite the reference to remove trees—to remove the project despite the reference to remove project despite the reference with the project despite the reference to remove the project despite the reference to the project despite the project despite the project despite the reference to the project despite the pr not seal a deal. to remove trees—It it is to go aneau.

To remove trees—It it is to go aneau.

With the project despite the referendum results. currently two grass dum results. currently two Island There are Washington runs runways at the one in question runs Airport. dum results. Continued page 15

From page

bility benefits gained by renovation are not as great as depicted by the project's proponents, they argue.

If easement agreements cannot be reached for tree removal and overhead flight, the town would have the option of condemning the land to force the sales. Such potential action made the project even less attractive to many Islanders.

"Condemnation of a neighbor's land for this purpose will forever have negative ramifications," Glory and Rodger Bechtold said in a full-page advertisement in the Sept. 16 issue of the Washington Island Observer newspaper.

Hansen said the possibility of condemning land for the airport renovations was a major factor in the failed vote. However, he remains hopeful that an agreement can be made between the town and property owners that would make condemnation unnecessary and the plan more palatable to Islanders.

Hearing on State Shirport Aid Soon

Oct. 17, Date Set for Door County and Island Pleas

Word was received from T. K. Jordan, Madison, executive secretary of the Wisconsin State Aeronautics commission, that Friday, Oct. 17, has been set as the date on which a hearing will be held at the court house in this city on applications of both Washington Is. and Door county for state airport aid.

The hearing on aid for the county-owned Cherryland airport near this city will take place at 10:30 a.m., and the Island hearing will be

at 1:00 p.m.

The Island town board is anxious to clear up the matter of state aid so that it may start work at once enlarging and improving the small landing field that has long been in use there. Because of its isolated position, the Island is one of the most flying-minded communities of its size in the nation and the need for a better airport is urgent.

At Sturgeon Bay, progress is being made toward completion of the master plan of development ordered by the county board which voted \$10,000 for airport improvement to match \$10,000 offered by the federal government. Now, according to the state aid law and the formula set up by the aeronautics commission, approximately \$5,000 more aid can be sought from Madison. This should also result in a further grant from the federal government, it is reported.

A meeting of Chairman Russell Austad's county airport committee to discuss the local situation was held Wednesday evening. Joining the committee in the conference were Kenneth Green of the Green Engineering Co., Madison; Karl S. Reynolds, vice-chairman of the state areonautics commission; Geo. Meredith, local airport manager; Dr. Dan Dorchester and Frank Ullsperger.

Island runway 1979 project gets OK

A runway improvement project at the Washington Island Airport has been given the final go-ahead at the state level. The office of Gov. Tommy Thompson announced last week that \$70,000 in state money would be released to design an extension and realignment of the grass-strip airport's northeast-southwest runway.

Also included in the project are the construction of an apron and taxiways and the installation of runway lights. Only one of the airport's two runways is currently lighted.

The runway slated for improvement will be tilted to the northwest and extended about 400 feet, clearing its path of obstacles. At present, the runway butts up against a thick grove of trees and Airport Road to the east, making for tricky landings and takeoffs.

The new apron will provide a stable area to park and tie down aircraft, preventing the planes from getting stuck in wet weather.

Design of the project is expected to be completed by the spring of 1998. Construction is slated to be finished by next fall.

The total tab is estimated at \$300,000, counting design, land acquisition and construction. However, contractor bids have not been received yet, so the actual cost is not yet known.

The town of Washington is required to share the costs. However, an engineer with the state's Bureau of Aeronautics said last week that the town fulfilled its obligation by spending \$70,000 about a decade ago on land purchases, in anticipation of future airport work.